

IFTA Research E-Forum

January 2017

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Editor: Jake Johnson, PhD Wheaton College, USA

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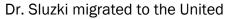
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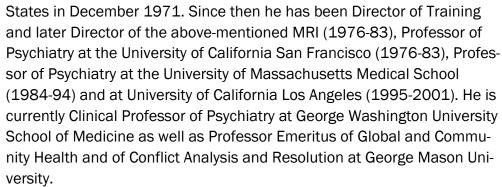
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IFTA Spotlight: Carlos Sluzki, M.D.

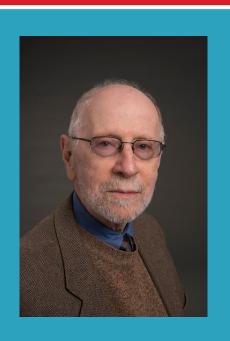
Carlos E. Sluzki was born and raised in Buenos Aires, Argentina, where he completed his M.D. training at the University of Buenos Aires School of Medicine, and his psychoanalytic training at the Argentine Psychoanalytic Association Institute of Psychoanalysis. He was also trained in couple and family therapy at the Mental Research Institute (MRI), Palo Alto, California.





Dr. Sluzki has been Editor-in-Chief of the journals Acta Psiquiatrica y Psicologica de America Latina, Family Process, and the American Journal of Orthopsychiatry, and Vice-President of the American Family Therapy Academy. He has published extensively, and has delivered countless keynote and panel presentations and conducted workshops worldwide, with special emphasis on couple and family therapy, social networks, violence and victimization, refugees and human rights.

This coming March, at the 25th World Family Therapy Congree is Malaga, Spain, Dr. Sluzki will serve once again as a keynote speaker. His presentation is entitled "Aux armes, Citoyens" ("To arms, Citizens"), taken from "The Marseilles," the French national anthem.



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On Second Thought.... with Kelsey Abiera, BS

As the title of their article suggests, Vaillancourt-Morel, Godbout, Sabourin, Briere, Lussier, and Runtz (2016) aim to examine how relational status may partially explain various sexual behavior outcomes experienced by childhood sexual abuse victims. Existing literature has shown high variability in reactions to childhood sexual abuse and that survivors may exhibit both compulsive and avoidant behaviors (Noll, Trickett, & Putnam, 2003; Vaillancourt - Morel et. al., 2015). The researchers behind the present study hypothesized that survivors would show higher compulsivity than non-survivors if single, both higher compulsivity and avoidance if cohabiting, and higher levels of avoidance if married.

Adult participants were recruited through social media posts, emails, and posters in the community. Voluntary participants were directed to complete an online survey. Of the 1,033 individuals who were included in the data analysis, the majority were students (63.2%) (Vaillancourt- Morel et. al., 2016). Four variables were measured: (1) relationship status, (2) child sexual abuse severity, (3) sexual compulsivity, and (4) sexual avoidance. Relationship status was coded as either married, cohabiting, or single. Sexual abuse severity was measured by examining the frequency and intrusiveness of the abuse as well as the relationship between the child and perpetrator. All variables were measured using self-report questionnaires.

Data was analyzed using path and moderation analyses. Results showed that victims displayed both higher sexual compulsivity and higher sexual avoidance than non-victims, with female survivors showing higher levels of both compulsivity and avoidance and males showing higher levels of compulsivity. When broken down by relationship status, single and cohabiting survivors reported more compulsivity, while married and cohabiting survivors reported higher levels of avoidance, aligning with the researchers' hypothesis.

The authors state that these findings are consistent with Rellini's (2014) life course perspective, which posits that some effects of child sexual abuse become more apparent when victims assume the role of a romantic partner. The researchers write that there may be different interpretations of their findings. It could be that sexual avoidance replaces sexual compulsivity when an individual is in a more committed relationship such as cohabiting or marriage. While a survivor may initially use sexual compulsivity to deal with intimacy difficulties or abandonment anxiety, later stressors associated with committed relationships may lead to emotional reactivity and ultimately sexual avoidance. An additional interpretation could be that sexual behaviors determine what type of relationship an individual chooses to engage in; if a survivor is sexually avoidant, they may prefer a steady relationship where lower levels of sexuality are accepted by the partner in exchange for intimacy and commitment. Survivors who are more sexually compulsive may prefer to remain in relationships that require lower emotional intimacy and can be ended easily. The authors refer to a "hierarchy of commitment hypothesis," which proposes that sexual outcomes of child sexual abuse survivors are partially explained by their marital status, or that survivors may be more likely to remain unmarried.

The results call clinicians who are working with sexually distressed couples to conduct thorough assessments of sexual abuse history and severity in order to more fully understand the emotional processes related to the current sexual dysfunction. In addition, interventions that address the underlying trauma related to sexual compulsive and avoidant behaviors should be explored for sexual abuse survivors. Furthermore, while this study challenges the idea of gender differences in sexual outcomes, there is need for more conclusive research to be conducted regarding the impact of gender on outcomes of sexual abuse.



Citation:

Vaillancourt-Morel, M. P., Godbout, N., Sabourin, S., Briere, J., Lussier, Y., & Runtz, M. (2016). Adult sexual outcomes of child sexual abuse vary according to relationship status. Journal of Marital and Family Therapy, 42, 341-56.



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Marie-Pier Vaillancourt-Morel

Marie-Pier Vaillancourt-Morel, PhD, is a postdoctoral fellow at the Women's Sexual Health Laboratory, run by Dr. Sophie Bergeron at the Université de Montréal. She is a clinical psychologist specializing in sexual and relational disorders. Her clinical and research interests focus on the emergence of sexual difficulties in couple relationships as well as the interdependence between interpersonal and sexual functioning.

With

and

Natacha Godbout

Natacha Godbout, PhD, is Professor at the Department of Sexology, University of Quebec in Montreal. She is a regular researcher at The Interdisciplinary Research Center on Intimate Relationship Problems and Sexual Abuse (CRIPCAS), the Sexual Violence and Health Research Team (EVISSA), and the Research and Intervention Team on Mindfulness (GRIPA). Her research and clinical work center on the impacts of interpersonal trauma on adult psychorelational functioning.

How did you become interested in this study?

We wanted to better understand the heterogeneity in sexual outcomes of childhood sexual abuse. Even if an important number of studies has documented sexual abuse-related sexual symptoms, we do not fully understand why sexual reactions to sexual abuse are so highly variable. Our clinical experiences have led us to notice important changes in the sexual behaviors of childhood sexual abuse survivors as an intimate relationship develops. This observation fueled our determination to examine how relationship commitment processes may help identify subgroups of adults evidencing different sexual outcomes of childhood sexual abuse.

Was anything surprising to you in the course of your data collection and analysis?

It was most interesting to see how our measurement strategy may have facilitated greater disclosure of CSA in male survivors: prevalence rates of child sexual abuse were around 20% in both women and men. The use of an anonymous Internet-based survey, a broader definition of CSA, and above all a neutral inquiry that did not specifically label reported sexual experiences as "sexual abuse" or the participants as "victims", may have helped to identify more male CSA survivors. The high prevalence rate emphasizes the need for comprehensive child sexual abuse screening practices, using both neutral objective inquiry as well as subjective self-identification, in clinical and research contexts.

We also first thought that relationship "duration" would be the key variable to operationalize our commitment hypothesis and to predict related sexual avoidance and compulsivity, until Dr. Stéphane Sabourin proposed that "relationship status" might better reflect relational commitment and lead to differential sexual outcomes. It was fascinating to see that status, and especially marriage, was indeed related to sexual outcomes above and beyond relationship duration. It is plausible that in married survivors, commitment intensifies, along with intimacy and feelings of vulnerability, which can trigger unresolved past traumatic issues and associated feelings, and that the strategy to use sex ...

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25th World Family Therapy Congress and 30th Anniversary of IFTA

Málaga, Spain

March 15 - 18, 2017





REGISTER NOW FOR THE 2017 WORLD FAMILY THERAPY CONGRESS www.ifta-congress.org

The 25th World Family Therapy Congress and the 30th Anniversary of IFTA will be held 15 - 18 March 2017 in Malaga, Spain. We invite you to join colleagues from around the world at the Congress' Hotel LUNION, near Malaga's Cathedral.

PRESENTERS



Florence Kaslow
Founding IFTA President



Carlos Sluzki

Official Venue of the 2017 IFTA World Congress



ILUNION HOTEL

Paseo Maritimo Antonio Machado, 10, 29002 MÁLAGA, SPAIN

More Information: www.ifta-congress.org

PRE-CONGRESS WORKSHOP

Working with Asylum Seekers and Migrants

Wednesday, March 15, 2017 10:00 am - 16:00 PM

Standard Pre-Congress Pricing:

- \$70 (if registered for the conference)
- \$120 (not attending the congress)



Cansu Alözkan Sever



FEATURED PRESENTERS

The Evolution of Family Therapy in Russia, Hungary and Turkey over the Past 30 years







Chair: Tatiana Glebova Other Presenters: Emoke Tarjan, Fatma Arici-Sahin

Discussants: Monica McGoldrick & Nydia Garcia Preto



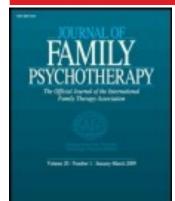
This presentation will explore the development of family therapy in Russia, Hungary and Turkey over the past 30 years, discussing the unique social, political and cultural contexts that influenced the evolution of the field in each country and comparing it to the development of family therapy in the U.S.

Prescribing Rituals, Humor, and Metaphor in Systemic Therapy



Joel S. Bergman, PhD is a former Senior Faculty Member of the Ackerman Institute for Family Therapy in New York City, where he is also in private practice. He is a Supervisor of Psychotherapy in the psychology doctoral programs at Yeshiva University and CUNY. He is author of Fishing for Barracuda: Pragmatics of Brief Systemic Therapy (W.W.Norton), an Approved Supervisor and Fellow of AAMFT and a frequent workshop leader well-known for his lively, humorous, and creative approaches to individual, couple, and family therapy.

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Edited By: Terry S. Trepper, Ph.D.

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A Feminist-Informed Integration of Emotionally Focused and Solution-Focused Therapies By Desiree M. Seponski

Application of the Intersystem Approach for Combat Veterans Experiencing Sexual Problems Related to Trauma and Injuries of War

By Kiera McGillivray

A Mixed Methods Study on the Resolution of Adolescent Problem Behavior: The Perspectives of Young Adults

By Matthew A. Carlson & Joseph A. Micucci

The Journal of Family Psychotherapy is now available online to IFTA members. For access, visit: www.tandf.co.uk/ journals/WJFP. Marriage and Family Therapy Trainees' Experiences of Learning and Applying Common Factors in Therapy: A Qualitative Participatory Study With Thematic Analysis

By Carissa D'Aniello, Jeana Alvarado, Ericka Hulbert, Sarah Izaguirre, & Sean Miller

The Dominant Value System of Chinese Gay Males in Family, Couple, and Community Relationships: A Qualitative Study
By Chichun Lin

Bottled Up: An Experiential Intervention for Emotional Suppression By Keaton Brown & Roya Taghehchian

The Use of Ecomaps to Explore Sexual and Gender Diversity in Couples By Hoa N. Nguyen, Erika L. Grafsky, & Monica Munoz

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to keep the partner and gain approval becomes more difficult to apply from an emotional viewpoint.

Does your team have plans to further your research on this topic?

The collaborative work of our team (i.e., Drs. Briere, Lussier, Sarourin, Runtz and us) opened the door to new studies on the complex effects of interpersonal traumas on psycho-relational functioning. We are deepening our understanding through ongoing studies, including the role of symptom complexity in the effect of cumulative childhood trauma on sexo-relational outcomes. In this study, we specifically suggested that the intensification of relationship commitment is the developmental process that triggers specific sexual abuse-related sexual symptoms. The postdoctoral research of Marie-Pier, with Dr. Sophie Bergeron, will extend these results by examining theoretically-driven couple processes that may explain the development of sexual well-being within survivors' relationships, using a dyadic, prospective methodology. For example, she will examine if other couple processes may act as a buffer against the emergence of negative sexual cognitions, affects or behaviors and help child sexual abuse survivors overcome abuse-related trust and intimacy issues while engaging in a dynamic sexual healing process.



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